ERRING MINISTER ATTEMPTED MURDER

Eloped With the Pretty Daughter of a Fellow-Clergy man.

HAD BUT SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Lived on That Four Days, Then Administered Poison to the Girl and Swallowed a Quantity Himself.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 10. Florence Pearl Voris, the pretty 20-year-old daughter of the Reverend G. A. Voris of Memphis, Saunder County, Neb., suffering from the effects of belliklomm administered with muritorous bi-tent, left Lincoln for her home with her mother this afternoon.

The Reverend Albert Bertles lingers to night between life and death, the result of a larger dose of the same drug, taken with suicidal intent. Should be recover, as seem probable, it will be only to face the charge of attempting to murder the winsome coun try lassle whom he persuaded to leave bome and follow him.

The girl's father is in Lincoln fatent of prosecuting Bettles should be recover. Bettles is 45 years old and claims to be the heir to an estate in England. He and Miss Voris last Thursday engaged a room at a lodging-house at Twentieth and O streets, claiming to be man and wife. They borrowed of the landlord \$5 cents with which to get a trunk from the depot and

Claimed on English Estate. Bettles claimed to be expecting a large check from England, on the receipts of which he and his wife, he said, would

start for London to claim the estate, to which he had just failen heir. No check came, and for four days the twain lived on the 75 cents borrowed from the landlord, part of which was spent for beliadonns, and 11 cents of which remained in the man's pockets when he and the gir were found unconscious in their room late

This discovery was made by Lundlord J B. Bemaine. Dector Holyoke was summoned, and the girl was soon resuscitated. Bettles is still unconscious. Miss Voris says Bettles had a flask of the poison last night and drank more than half himself, telling her to swallow the remainder, which she did. She says he represented that it was a preventive of sea sickness, and would en-able them to make their coming voyage in comfort. At her request, her father and mother were summoned, and came to town

Eloped Once Before. Revotend Mr. Voris is a minister of the Evangelical faith. He has no regular charge, but preaches at various places. He said that Bettles, too, was a minister, or-dained by his church. Both the mother and

dained by his church. Both the mother and father were suffering under a nervous strain and both were bitter against the man who misled their daughter.

Bettles came to their home in Memphis about a year ago. It is charged he induced Miss Bettles to accompany him to Ornaha, where he promised to merry her, and where he said a check for \$2,000 was awaiting him. When his promise was not fulfilled, the girl returned to her home.

Last June she came to Lincoln, and until recently has worked in the Atlantic Hotel. Bettles found her and succeeded in renewing the old relations.

Bettles is guarded by an officer, while Reverend Mr. Voris awaits the opportunity to prosecute him.

BAER-M'KINLEY WEDDING.

President and Party Arrived a Somerset to Attend Ceremony.

Somerset, Pa., Sept. 10 .- President Mo Kinley and party arrived here over the B. & O. road at 5:39 this afternoon to be present at the wedding of Miss Mabel McKinley, the President's rices, and Doctor
Hermanus L. Baer. In the party were
President and Mrs. McKinley, Mrs. Katherite Matthews of Washington, sister of
Mrs. Abner McKinley; Secretary to the
President G. B. Cortelyou Doctor P. M.
Rixey, medical inspector of the navy and
the President's physician, A. J. Leonard
and Mr. N. P. Weaver, stenographers.

The wedding will occur to-morrow evening at \$30 o'clock.

The officiating clergyman will be the Reverend Doctor D. Parker Morgan of the
Church of the Heavenly Rest, New York,
Miss McKinley was confirmed by Doctor
Morgan about fifteen years ago, when she
was a little girl I years old.

The presidential party was met at the
Somerset Station by Mr. and Mrs. Abner
McKinley and Doctor Hermanus L. Baer,
the groom. A shout went up from the assembled crowd as Mr. and Mrs. McKinley made their appearance on the platform
of the rear coach and descended the car
steps. The President and Mrs. McKinley
bowed their acknowlegments.

President and Mrs. McKinley and Mrs. present at the wedding of Miss Mabel Mo-

steps. The President and Mrs. McKinley bowed their acknowlegments.

President and Mrs. McKinley and Mrs. Katherine Matthews were, upon their arrival, driven at once to Abrer McKinley's home.

President and Mrs. McKinley's present to

the bride is a highly polished quartered-oak chest with silver triumnings and mountings, filled with magnificent table silver, including everything that Mr. and Mrs. Baar will need in the way of spoons, forks, knives, carvers and off-pleees during their lives. The plate on top of the chest bears the following theory the chest bears lives. The plate on top of the top of the following inscription:
"From Uncle William and Aunt Ida,
September 12, 1996."
September 12, 1996." "From these winds of the bride include a generous supply of brilliant jewels, a bewildering assortment of silver and cut glass tableware, china ware, table linen, paintings, engravings and numerous other articles of household and personal adornment.

articles of household and personal adora-ment.

"It is to be a plain, simple wedding," said a relative of the McKinleys. "If it had been desired to have a swell wedding, it could have taken place at the home of the McKinleys in New York City."

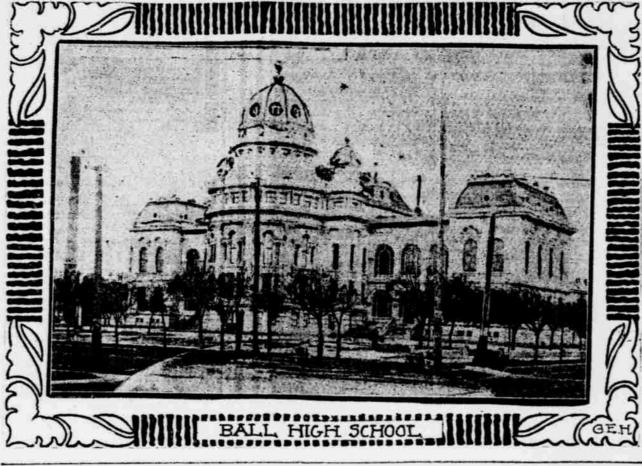
Mr. Abner McKinley, father of the bride, stated that about 200 guests were expected to attend the wedding. Of this number nearly 100 are residents of this town of 1,500 inhabitants.

SABINE PASS NOT DESTROYED. Port Arthur, Also, Saved From the

Beaumont, Tex., Sept. 10.-The towns of Sabine Pass and Port Arthur, news from which has been anxiously awaited, passed through the terrific storm of Saturday virtually unscathed. At Port Arthur the water spread over the town, but it did not reach a depth sufficient to destroy build-

away completely, as was also the pier in front of the Gales and Elwood homes. The dredge Florida, property of the New York Dredging Company, which cut the Port Arthur channel, was sunk at the mouth of Taylor Bayou. No other property of con-sequence was fruered.

equence was injured.
At Sabine Pass the water reached a depth of about three feet, but nothing except small buildings near the water front were washed away. Several mud scows and sloops were washed ashore. The Southern Pacific wharves and warehouses were not damaged in the least, and the lumber piled on the docks did not float off. The ratiway between this city and the Sabine Pass is bunder water, for a distance of twelve miles, but not more than four nilles is washed out. The life-saving station of Sabine Pass was washed from its foundations, but the light tower was not damaged. The only probable dead are led Gunff and Albert Deatridge, two white men. They were on the jettles when the storm came, and the life-saving crew were unable to reach them. There is considerable damage at Sabine by water rieing into the streets. It will be about ten days before trains can be run through. Bellet trains which went out on the Guir and Interstate Railroad to points on Bellivar Peninsula had not returned at midnight. washed away. Several mud scows and



GERMAN-AMERICAN VOTERS POLLED.

then put it up with him as security for to Ninety-Five Per Cent of Catholic Central Verein Delegates for Bryan.

WILL VOTE DEMOCRATIC TICKET

President and Secretary Say That | Footprints, Thought to Be Hers, Seventy-Five Per Cent of the German Voters of America Have Abandoned McKinley.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL

Peoria, Iil., Sept. 10.-Four hundred German-Americans are assembled in one convention in the city of Peoria this week, and they come from every State in the Union. They come as delegates to the forty-fifth | feared she has destroyed herself by drownannual convention of the German Catholic Central Verein, but aside from that fact there is a very great interest attached to their assemblage. It gives an unprecedent-ed opportunity for sounding the German-American voters as regards their position in the present political campaign. The results of investigation along this line are not pleasing to the friends of McKinley and

Around the hotel lobbles and on the streets there is much politics, and it takes a man just about five minutes to reach his conclusion on the tendency of the German sentiment in this campaign of 1960. The German-American voter of 1900 is a Democrat, and he is going to cast his

ballot for William Jennings Bryan. A careful poll of the 400 representative Germans attending the Peoria convention of them are for Bryan and the pres-

ervation of the Republic.
"I am for Bryan, and you can just put it down that he is going to be the next President of the United States," said A. Von Tesmar, secretary of the Central Ve-rein, and one of the most prominent members of the organization. Bryan, and so are 75 per cent of all the German voters of the country, and we're going to help elect him. The German-Republicans have had their eyes opened, and McKinley will not get their votes this

lime."
Nicholas Gonner of Dubuque, Ia., president of the Verein, leaves no room for doubt as to his position in the present campaign. in his address, delivered at Spaiding Insti-In his address, delivered at Spaiding Insti-tute Sunday night, he bitterly denounced the Republican policy of imperialism, and his remarks called forth deafening applause. Louis J. Kaufimann of New York City: "The Germans of the East simply cannot support McKinley. They were Republicans four years ago and voted the Republican ticket, but their ballots will count in the Bryan column this year. The treats have Bryan column this year. The trusts have taught them a severe lesson during the last four years, and business man, laborer and farmer alike are going to vote for Bryan and American priciples of government." "The German vote of Ohio is a known quantity this year," said John Wagner of

"It will be on the side of Democracy, and t will carry the State for the man from Ne-Draska. These are only a few of the hundreds of expressions heard on every side among the throngs of representative Germans here as-sembled, and any effort on the part of the Republican party to claim the sympaths

LOSSES IN THE CIVIL WAR.

and votes of the Germans must of necessity

Death Rate the Largest Shown by Any Modern-Time Record.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL

Washington, Bept. 10.-Official records show that the losses in some of the battles of the Civil War were proportionately greater than any that mark the pages of history. This fact was brought out by Commander . W. F. Williams of Post No. 1 of Washington, D. C., at the Grand Army encampnent held this month, when the gray-haired veterans studied the rosters of their old regiments and talked of the men who fell under the rain of shot and shell at Buil Run, Gettysburg and Antietam.

At Balaklava the Light Brigade lost Hi killed and 124 wounded out of 673 men, which is 36 per cent. Company I of the Eighty-third Pennsylvania, out of a total of 135 enlisted men, had 47 killed at Gettysburg. The heaviest regimental loss in the Civil War on either side was that of the Twenty-sixth North Carolina at Gettysburg, when 86 men were killed and 592 wounded out of a total of 890 men on the battlefield. In this regiment one company of 84 men lost two-thirds of its number by death and every man was wounded. The following are some of the heaviest losses in the Civil War: veterans studied the rosters of their old

every man was wounded. The following are some of the heaviest losses in the Civil War:
Union—First Maine Heavy Artillery, 422 killed; Eighth New York Infantry, 251 killed; Eighth New Hampshire Infantry, 254 killed; Eighth-third Pennsylvania, 252 killed; Seventh Wisconsin, 281 killed; Fifth Michigan, 253 killed; Second Wisconsin, 288 killed, Seventh Wisconsin, 288 killed, Second Wisconsin, 288 killed and wounded 753.

Confederate—Fourth North Carolina, 263 killed and wounded; Forty-fourth Georgia, 355 killed and wounded; Fourteenth Alabama, 254 killed and wounded.
The First Texas Regiment at Antietam lost 186 men out of 25, or 82 per cent. At Stone River the Eighth Tennessee lost 306 killed out of 446 men, or 69 per cent.

killed out of 444 men, or 69 per cent.

INQUEST ON RUBY RICHARDSON—An inquest was begun yesterday on the body, of Ruby Richardson, the schoolgirl, who was killed by a Spalding avenue car at Ewing and Washington avenues on last Friday afternoom. Ruby was the daughter of Leonard Richardson of No. 2943 Olive street. Doctor Lloyd continued the hearing until this morning to get the evidence of others who saw the accident. Motorman Edward Tibbits, who was arrested after the accident, is still held to await the Coroner's verdict.

BROODED OVER HER HUSBAND'S DEATH.

Died at Planters Hotel, Supposed to Have Killed Herself.

MISSING AT HICKMAN, KY.

Were Found on Bank of the Mississippi-River Dragged in Vain by Searchers.

Mrs. Fannie Alexander, brooding over the sudden death of her husband, R. C. Alexander, of Fort Worth, Tex., which occurred in this city on August 9, has disappeared from her home, at Hickman, Ky., and it is

The Alexanders were a devoted couple and it is thought that his sudden demise has preyed so upon the widow's mind that she has become a victim of melancholia, In regard to her disappearance a special dispatch to The Republic from Hickman says:

"Mrs. Fannie Alexander of Fort Worth, Tex., left the bome of her mother here about 4 o'clock this morning and has not yet been found. Her footprints were traced to the river bank, and it is feared she is drowned. Her husband, R. C. Alexander, a merchant of Fort Worth, was found dead in the Pianters Hotel in St. Louis about a month ago, and since that time Mrs. Alexander has been very despondent. She attempted suicide a few days after the death of her husband, but was discovered in time to save her life. Persons are dragging the

river for the body." ing merchant at Fort Worth, Tex., and when his death occurred in St. Louis he had been East on a purchasing trip. He died of heart failure, supposed to have been induced by a dose of suifonal, taken

to obtain relief from headache.

The body was found about 7 o'clock in the body was found about 7 o'clock in the evening. Early the same day he had retired to his room, saying that he was ill. In the afternoon he summoned a bell-boy and sent for some sulfonal. This was procured, and the bellboy was the last person to see him alive. His body was discovered by Walter J. Walton, house tective of the Planters.

THE WEATHER.

To-Day's Forecast.

Washington, Sept. 10.-Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday: Oklahuma and Indian Territory—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; light to fresh southerly winds. Arkansas Fair; continued warm Tuesday and Wednesday; southerly winds. Illinois Showers or thunderstorms and cooler Rinois—showers or thunderstorms and cooler Tuesday, except in extreme southern portion. Wednesday fair, except showers in northeast portion; fresh to brisk southerly winds, shifting to westerly Wednesday.

Lowa—Rain and cooler Tuesday. Wednesday fair; variable winds, becoming corthwesterly. Missouri—Fair in southern partion, showers in northern portion Tuesday; cooler in northeast poit.on. Wednesday fair; southerly winds, becoming westerly. oming westerly.

Neirasha-sar is western, rain in easiern porion Tuesday. Wednesday fair, winds becoming
erthwesterly.

Kansas-fair Tuesday and Wednesday; west so

Barometer, inches
Thermometer, degrees
Relative Humidity
Direction of wind
Velocity of wind
Westher at £19 a. m., part cloudy; £25 p. m., elear. Maximum temperature, 55; minimum temperature, 76. River stage, \$2, HYATT.
Local Porecast Official. Local Report.

Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau Intervological observations received at St. Lo-cytember 9, 1800, at 139 p. m. local time : p. m. seventy-fifth meridian time Observati New York hisadelphia Vachington Wires down.
Wires down.
R. J. HYATT.

MRS. O'DAY GETS DECREE OF DIVORCE,

Widow of R. C. Alexander, Who Her Husband Did Not Appear in Court at Springfield to Contest the Case.

HEAVY ALIMONY ALLOWED HER.

Includes a Farm Near Springfield, Stock in Oriel Building Here Worth \$200,000 and \$24,-000 in Cash.

Mrs. Alice O'Day, who attempted to commit suicide by shooting herself at the Lindell Hotel on July 21, was granted a divorce yesterday at Springfield, Mo., from her husband, Colonel John O'Day. The Court allowed her liberal alimony. Her husband did not appear to contest the suit.

A special disputch to The Republic from Springfield, received last night, says con-

cerning the court proceedings: "By special agreement the suit was tried in the Circuit Court this afternoon and disposed of in twenty minutes. Mrs. O'Day, who has not yet fully recovered from the bullet wound in her breast, was driven, heavily velled, in a carriage to the Courthouse to offer her testimony. She testified that her husband had abused and neglected her and had struck her a hard blow upon one occasion when she tried to see a letter which he withheld from her. Others testi-

the par value of \$200,000, all amounting to about \$240,000. Mrs. O'Day was represented by Atorney R. H. Kern of St. Louis, and S. Heffernan of this city represented

On the day that she attempted suicide, Mrs. O'Day met her husband and Attorney F. W. Banister in Colonel O'Day's room at the Lindell Hotel. After a short conversation concerning matters not fully made public, she retired to the bathroom adjoining and shot herself in the breast. She was removed to St. John's Hospital, where she remained until two weeks ago when she returned to Springfield. She filed suit for divorce immediately.
Colonel O'Day, since the shooting, has

been in Springfield most of the time although the couple have not lived together.

Democrats, Populists and Silver Re-

derstood to be favored with practical unan-imity by delegates to the Silver Republican and Populist conventions. Among the Dem-ocrats, however, there is said to be a division on the subject.

A State ticket is to be chosen, but the greatest interest is felt in the effect the

of tentative candidates, including Adams, S. S. Thomas and ex-Governor Aiva Adams, Democrats, and Thomas M. Patterson, Chairman Milton Smith of the State Cen-

Chairman Militon Smith of the State Central Committee called the Democratic Convention to order at 11:20 o'clock, K. R. Babbitt was elected temporary chairman, committees were appointed and a recess was taken.

When the convention reassembled at 6 o'clock the Credentials Committee was not ready to report, and the convention again took a recess until 8:30 to-morrow morning. The Populist State Convention met at 11 o'clock and elected State Senator Edward T. Taylor as temporary chairman. Committees were named and recess taken until 6 o'clock. At that hour the Credentials Committee was not ready to report, and another recess was taken until 1:20 o'clock.

The Silver Republican State Convention elected Senator Teller temporary chairman. He made an address, after which a committee was appointed on conference with the Democrats and Populists. Recess was taken till to-morrow.

DEATH IN PORCELAIN CUPS.

Americans Warned Against Certain Imported Wares.

REPUBLIC SPECTAL. Washington, Sept. 16.—Walter Schumann, United States Consul at Mainz, has called the attention of the State Department to the danger to the health of persons using sliver-mounted glasses and porcelain wares. He says a Frankfort newspaper some time ago called attention to the fact that certain kinds of sliver-mounted glass and porcelain wares, such as cups, glasses, jers, vases, etc., had been placed upon the market.

vases, etc., had been placed upon the market.

"The silver on these articles." he says, "is applied by means of a galvanoplastic process in baths which contain large quantities of potassium cyanide. As glazed wares have innumerable hairfilke cracks, this deadly poison enters these cracks, and the articles, beautiful to look at, become a severe menace to the health of anybody using or handling them, and especially as it is impossible in the course of manufacture to remove this poisonous residuum.

"Only a short time ago a very severe case of poisoning resulted from the use of such ware. I am told that these goods are chiefly experted to the United States from Frankfort, Berlin and Stuttgart. It might be welf for the public to be informed of the danger in these goods, and steps might be taken to prohibit their sale."

WRONG ADDRESS—In the police report of Doctor Bruere's arrest his address was given as No. 3108 Lucas avenue. This was a mistake. Doctor Bruere lived at No. 3112 Lucas avenue. No. 3108 is the home of E. M.

MR. GAGE PRACTICING WHAT HE CONDEMNS.

Data Showing Government Obliga tions Are Now Paid in Silver.

BRYAN COULD NOT DO MORE.

Tests Demonstrate That Nearly Ninety Per Cent of the Nation's Debts Are Liquidated by Using Silver Certificates.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. New York, Sept. 19.-When Secretary of the Treasury Gage issued a statement tell-ing how alarmed he was at the though that Mr. Bryan, when elected President of the United States, will pay Government obligations in silver, he forgot to say that this is just what the McKinley administration is doing now.

E. R. Holden, who has collected some data on this point, has sent it in a letter to Mr. Gage. He says that under the policy of the Government the national banks are kept stocked with aliver certificates. If a man presents a check to a bank he receives perhaps 30 per cent of the amount in paper redeemable in the white metal.

It is the Gage policy, says Mr. Holden, to accumulate gold certificates, Treasury notes and greenbacks and allow silver certificates and national bank notes to discharge the Government and national bank obligations and perform the functions of money among the workingmen and millions of trades peo

"Are you not charging Mr. Bryan with an oct you, yourself, are and have been committing?" Mr. Holden asks.

"Mr. Bryan never uttered one word against the manner or form of money with which the Government discharges its obligations. Do you know that if a merchan deposits \$1,000 in gold in any national bank to-day and pext work desires to draw the \$1,000 in cash with which to pay his em-ployes. Le will in all probability receive from the teller at least \$0 per cent in silver

certificates and the other 10 per cent in Treasury or national bank note=?" Mr. Holden declares that Mr. Gage is disingenuous when he expresses the fear that Mr. Bryan will pay out silver dollars, There are only 12,585,771 silver dollars in the United States Treasury that could be

There are \$415,875,727 held in the Treasury to redeem silver certificates already in cir-culation. These Jollars cannot be issued. With less than \$13,000,000 in silver available, Mr. Bryan could not pay the Govern-ment's obligations in silver for more than a week. To satisfy himself as to the character of

the money paid out by the Government agencies for their obligations-national banks are Government agencies—Mr. Holden sent to the National Bank of Commerce a check for \$100 and received the sum in silver theck for \$100 and the National City Bank a check for \$100, and he received \$45 in silver certificates and \$15 in United States notes.

Last of all he sent to the United States Subtreasury in this city \$100 in gold, and asked for bills for it. He received his \$100 in silver certificates.

asked for bills for it. He received his \$100 in sliver certificates.
"In view of the above direct evidence," Mr. Hoiden writes, "and of your Treasury statement, dated September 1, 180, I cannot but express the feeling that your letter was written for political effect, by which you hoped to gain votes for the Republican party."

STANCHFIELD IN THE LEAD. New York State Convention Will Be

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. 10.—Leaders of the New York State Democracy who have ar-rived predict an enthusiastic and harmoni-Eric County representatives were among

Eric County representatives were among the first to wait on Richard Croker and Edward Murphy, Jr., to-day. They insisted that a promise made at Kansas City that Mackey should have their support should be fulfilled. It was denied that such a promise was made.

Senator Laroche said later: "I am satisfied that Mr. Croker personally desires the nomination of Senator Mackey. Senator Murphy seems to prefer Mr. Stanchfield. We have refused to consider any transcript to the proposition to

Murphy seems to prefer Mr. Stanchfield. We have refused to consider any proposition to give Mackey second place."

Senator Laroche handed out this declaration from Mr. Croker:

"I told Mr. Murphy that if I had any preference I would be for Mr. Mackey. It know him and our people know him. We do not know Stanchfield and the others as we know the Senator from Eric County. But I am going to leave the matter to Mr. Murphy and the other up-State men. At our conference I told Mr. Murphy whom I preferred."

Mr. Croker was asked if he had been quoted correctly in the above statement. quoted correctly in the above statemen: He said: "Yes; that is all right,"

Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans May Effect Fusion.

Denver, Colo., Sept. 10.—Three State conventions met here to-day—Democratic, Silver Republican and Populist. An effort will be made to effect a fusion. This is unsupplied to Mr. Murphy and the other upstate men.

office. The statement means just what it says-that I have left the selection of the candidate to Mr. Murphy and the other up-State men."

"But Mr. Murphy is for Mr. Stanchfield."

"I cannot speak for Mr. Murphy. He tpeaks for hisself."

Mr. Croker's statement was shown to Senator Murphy. He looked it over and smiled, and said: "Well, what of it?"

"Mr. Croker practically says it is up to you to name the candidate for Governor, and you are said to be for Stanchfield." Senator Murphy smiled and replied: "It is not up to me or any other single man. It is up to the delegates."

National Committeeman Mack did not interpret Mr. Croker's statement as did Senator Laroche. He appeared to regard it as a part of a plan to hold the Eric County committeemen in line for Senator McCarrer for temporary chairman of to-morrow's convention. Said he: "I am satisfied and that Mr. Croker is friendly to Mackey. We shall certainly present Mackey's name to the convention, and hope for his nomination. It is apparent this minute, however, that Stanchfield is in the lead for the nomination."

The Stanchfield adherents were delighted to-night to be told by Senator McCarren of Brooklyn that the Kings County delegates would in all probability pledge its vote to the Elmira man. It has been concended by everybody that Kings could, with her sixty-three delegates, name practically any candidate upon whom she united. The Tammany delegates meet in caucus to-morrow morning. Mr. Croker said tonight that no action would be taken upon the Governorship, so far as he knew. The nominations will not be made until Wednesday.

Mackey is slated for second place, but his friends declare they will nut him in nomina.

Mackey is slated for second place, but his friends declare they will put him in nomina-tion for first place and stick to him as long as he is a candidate. HANNA INSTALLED AT CHICAGO.

Republican Campaign Munager Take Charge of Affairs.

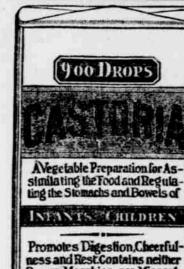
Charge of Affairs.

Chicago, Sept. 10.—Senator M. A. Hanna arirved in Chicago to-day to take charge of the Republican national campaign. He was busy all day with Vice Chairman Payne of the National Executive Committee at national headquarters, preparing the programme for the next three weeks.

Among others who visited Senator Hanna was Congressman Landis of Indiana, who urged the Senator to make several speeches in Indiana.

"I am going to be too busy to make many speeches; there is much other work of a more difficult nature awaiting me."

The Supreme Courts have recently been bus with a curious question—that of deciding the value of a man's life. The decision reached was that the life of the average man is worth just what he is able to earn. A man's earnings de pend to a great extent upon his physical hear and it is always within his power to improve his condition. The stomach is the measure of health and strength. Every man may be bright active and happy, if his digestion is normal. If it is not, Hestetter's Stomach Bitters will make it so. It puts the digestive organs in condition to properly digest and assimilate food. Try it for constipation, indigestion, dyspepsis, billous-ness, liver or kidney troubles. It has sured



INFANTS CHILDREN Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest Contains neither Opum, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Burge of OLE DE SUNUEL PITCHER A perfect Remedy for Constipa-tion, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea,

Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of SLEER Fac Simile Signature of Chett Fleteter.

Dosts - 35 Crvis EXACT COPYOF WRARPED

NEW YORK.

CHAFFEE SAYS RUSSIA IS ABOUT TO WITHDRAW.

For Over

Thirty Years

The Kind You Have

Always Bought

Bears the

Signature

Transfer of Troops From Pekin : BOXERS KILL to Tien-Tsin Being Arranged.

AMERICANS WILL FOLLOW.

Date of Departure and Location of Camp Not Determined.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Washington, Sept. 19.-The news from China to-day consisted of three cablegrame, one from General Chaffee, stating that th Russian Legation was soon to leave Pekin another from Consul General Goodnow giving the information officially that the marines had evacuated Amoy, and an edict presented to the State Department by Minister Wu in which it is declared that Li Chang is the sole envoy of Cl

arrange the terms of peace. The State Department made no comment on the edict, but will send it to the Presi-

The edict, as it is characterized by Min ister Wu, is dated August 24, and comes from Pao-Ting-Fu, where the Imperial Gov ernment is supposed to have been for some

said Minister Wu. "Under it he can do whatsoever he pleases in the settlement of and the Imperial Government will be bound by it. He is authorized to treat with any single Power or with all jointly. "The United States envoys can begin

their negotiations as soon as this Government is ready and they can meet wherever they may agree. It is not essential that they meet either in Pekin or Tien-Tsin. de not see how the Powers can full to

other point. There is a report to the effect that Shanghai will be relected, but officials here do not confirm the statement.

Powers will remain at Pekin, or, if he did so, that part of the dispatch his been eliminated before being bulletined. While th State Department admits that the United States will follow Russia's lead, it is declared that the date of leaving Pekin and the place to which to remove are matters which may consume some time in negoti ating. Powers Hopelessly Divided.

The report to-day showing that Great Britain and Germany have reached a practical agreement to stay in Pekin and the indifference of the Powers to the adoption of the American compromise indicate pretty conclusively that there is no possibility

of the restoration of harmony among the

Powers, and the President has practically ceased all effort in that direction. Independent peace negotiations may be inaugurated by a commission of which Min ister Conger will be a member.

Minister Conger will meet the other representatives to be appointed by the United States on the proposed commission in Shanghai, where Li Hung Chang will discuss the reparation to be made to this Government. Former Secretary Day and former Assistant Secretary of State John Bassett Moore have both been considered as members of the commission.

A diplomat well informed of Russia's at titude said to-day that her policy in Man churia and the proceedings of her military and civil authorities in that region grow more and mere contradictory, in spite of the assurances that the St. Petersburg Government is opposed to the dismemberment of Chins. The extension of Russian sovereignty over China at the present moment would, he thought, mean the signal for the partition of the Empire, which is so absolutely antagonistic to the interests of the United States. If Russia should take the lead in dismemberment, he predicted that other nations would follow, even though it were against their best judgment. In con-sequence of the suspicion felt concerning

MORE MISSIONARIES.

SPECIAL BY CABLE.

...........

Taku, Sept. 2, via Shanghai, Sunday, Sept. 9.--(Copyright, 1900, by the New York Herald Company.)--A native missionary, who arrived tomissionaries have been butchered in

the interior. Men, women and children were killed and mutilated, some while under escort, and their heads were publicly exhibited.

Russta, her course is being very sharply

TO PRISON FOR HALF HIS LIFE. Unprecedented Sentence Imposed by a California Court.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.
San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 10.—James Burns, an ex-convict, has been sentenced by Judge William P. Lawlor to serve "haif his life" in Folsom prison. Thirty-sight years of life was given the convict under the ruling of the court, nineteen of which he must pass in penal servitude. If death overtakes him before the expiration of these nineteen years, Eurns will have been cheafed of his liberty for just one-half the period that lapses from date to the time of his death. If his thread of life spans beyond the given thirty-eight years he will have cheated the people and the State. That the records of the courts of the United States, or, in fact, the world, can show an analogous case is doubtful. The peculiarly tangled condition of the penal code, aided and abetted by a careless jury, conspired to produce this strange result. That Burns was not given his liberty, even though the jury found him guilty of a crime which they named themselves, was due solely to Judge Lawlor's ingenuity in finding law to fit the case.

Lawlor's Ingenuity in inding law to it case.

Burns was arrested in April on a charge of robbery, preferred by Fred Hausman, who testified that Burns, assisted by an unknown "pal," "held him up" on the corner of Kearny and Commercial atreets and robbes him. Burns was placed on trial before Judge Lawlor for the offense and was convicted of "an attempt to commit robbert."

I do not see how the Powers can fail to accept this appointment as conclusive."

Minister Wu added that he gathered the impression from what he had been told him that this Government would announce its enveys in a short time, and that the authority conferred upon Earl Li would be accepted as sufficient to justify this Government in commencing negotiations with China.

The important statements in General Chaffee's dispatch are that the Russian Legation is about to withdraw to Tien-Tsin where also it is believed the Russian army will encamp, and that it is proposed by "Powers" to remain at Pekin while a settlement with China is being made at some other roles of the case will be taken to the Suprementation of this court that he shall be confined in the State court.

Forewarned. Forearmed.

The liability to disease is greatly lessened when the blood is in good condition, and the circulation healthy and vigorous. For then all refuse matter is promptly carried out of the system; otherwise it would rapidly accumulate —fermentation would take place, the blood become polluted and the constitution so weakened that a simple malady might result seriously.

A healthy, active circulation means good digestion and strong, healthy As a blood purifier and tonic S. S. S.

has no equal. It is the safest and best remedy for old people and children because it contains no minerals, but is made exclusively of roots and herbs. No other remedy so thoroughly and effectually cleanses the blood of im-

tem. It cures permanently all manner of blood and skin troubles.

Mr. E. E. Kelly, of Urbana, O., writes:

"I had Ecsema on my hands and face for
five years. It would break out in little
white pustules, crusts would form and
drop off, leaving the skin red and inflased. The doctors did me ne good. I used
all the medicated scaps and salves without
benefit. S. S. S. cured me, and my skin
is as clear and smooth as any one's."

Mrs. Henry Siegfried, of Cape May, E.
J., says that twenty-one bottles of S. S. S.
cured her of Cancer of the breast. Doctors and friends thought her case hopeless.

Richard T. Gardner, Florence, S. C., suffered for years with Boils. Two bottles of S. S. S. put his blood in good condition and the Boils disappeared.

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